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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/751,312	01/02/2004	Josehp J. Schottler	P06708US0-6025	2007
34082 7590 03/29/2007 ZARLEY LAW FIRM P.L.C. CAPITAL SQUARE 400 LOCUST, SUITE 200 DES MOINES, IA 50309-2350			EXAMINER	
			CHANG, SUNRAY	
			. ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		•	2121	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	RY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVER:	Y MODE
	ONTHS	03/29/2007	DELIVERY MODE  PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/751,312	SCHOTTLER ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner ,	Art Unit			
·	Sunray Chang	2121			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed  n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status		:			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 Ja	anuary 2007	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar		osecution as to the merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice under E	·				
	parto quayro, 1000 0.2. 11, 1	30 3.3. 2.0.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Application Papers		·			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce		Evaminer			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		X exe			
		:			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	1)-(a) or (i).			
, , ,	s baya boon received				
		ion No			
<ol> <li>Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau</li> </ol>	• •	ed III tills National Stage			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ed ·			
. See the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies flot receive	cu.			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)     Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This office action is in responsive to the paper filed on January 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2007.

Claims 1 - 10 are presented for examination.

Claims 1 - 10 are rejected.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 2. Claims 1 4 and 7 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Joseph F. McCormick (U.S. Patent No. 5,012,722, and referred to as McCormick hereinafter), in view of Takano et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,938,947, and referred to as Takano hereinafter) and further in view of John Laurence Melanson (U.S. Patent No. 6,727,832, and referred to as Melanson hereinafter).

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(McCormick as set forth above generally discloses the basic inventions.)

## Regarding independent claim 1, 8 and 9, McCormick teaches,

- A method of driving the coil of an electrohydraulic valve [Abstract, Fig. 3] with a PWM drive [Fig. 3], [see further Col. 5, Lines 14 27 & Col. 4, Lines 49 64] comprising:
- Transmitting a feedback signal to a digitizing device that is electrically connected to the electrohydraulic valve; [Col. 7, Lines 12 39, Fig. 8 applying the selected signal to ADC via analog line]
- Transmitting the plurality of samples to an accumulator; [loop controller receives control information indicating a desired operation of the hydraulic valve through control input, and feedback information indicating the state of various elements in the servo loop, Col. 5, Lines 16-20]
- Averaging the plurality of samples within the accumulator to create an average value;
   [operate in a desired manner, Fig.2a 2i, Col. 4, Lines 25 48, Col. 5, Lines 14 27] and
- Transmitting the average value to a closed loop control algorithm that generates a pulse width signal to drive the coil of the electrohydraulic valve. [formula relationships or look up data tables, Col. 7, Lines 47 61]

McCormick does not point out clearly the "operate in a desired manner" is using "averaging, calculating the samples"

Takano teaches "averaging, calculating the samples" [Takano, Col. 6, Line 22 – Col. 8, Line 38] for the purpose of detecting a reduction in the accurately with which the welding

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current is detected, ..., controlling the welding current with a predetermined degree of accuracy even when a reduction is detected. [Col. 2, Lines 57 - 63]

Melanson teaches a digital to analog converter; at least one <u>pulse width modulator</u> stage for generating from the noise-shaped data stream a pulse width encoded data stream at a second frequency of a selected multiple of the first frequency; output circuitry for converting the pulse width encoded data stream into an analog signal comprising: a <u>finite impulse response filter</u> for filtering the pulse width encoded data stream at a frequency greater than or equal to the second frequency; and a plurality of digital to analog conversion elements coupled to selected taps of the <u>finite impulse response filter</u> for generating an output analog signal, [Col. 10, lines 17 - 31] for the purpose of converting the pulse width encoded data stream into an analog signal [Col. 10, lines 24 - 25]

The examiner further explains, the limitation, "sampling the feedback signal within the digitizing device to create a plurality of signal samples within one PWM cycle", is still not clearly pointing out the sampling device, which has been used to "sample signals", which hereinafter has been interpreted to be a filter as taught by **Melanson**, "finite impulse response filter filtering the pulse width encoded data stream at a frequency greater than or equal to the second frequency" [Col. 10, lines 17-31].

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the teaching of **McCormick** to include the teach of **Takano**, "averaging, calculating the samples", for the purpose of detecting a reduction in the accurately with which the welding current is detected, ..., controlling the welding current with a predetermined degree of accuracy even when a reduction is detected [**Takano**, Col. 2, Lines 57 –

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63], and also for the purpose of converting the pulse width encoded data stream into an analog signal [Melanson, Col. 10, lines 24 – 25]

# Regarding dependent claims 2 - 4, McCormick teaches,

The digitizing device is an A/D converter, a DSP or a micro controller. [microprocessor & ADC, Col. 7, Lines 12 – 39 & 47 – 61, Fig. 8]

# Regarding dependent claims 7,

McCormick teaches,

■ The accumulatoe resets when the algorithm sends the pulse width signal to the coil of the electrohydraulic valve. [can be accordingly adjusted approximately once every 1 ms, Col. 7, Lines 58 – 60]

Melanson teaches,

- such that the method of driving the coil of an electrohydraulic valve with a pulse width modulator drive starts over again for a next pulse width modulator cycle.
- 3. Claims 5 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McCormick, and in view of Gary Bergstrom (U.S. Patent No. 6,249,418, and referred to as Bergstrom hereinafter).

(McCormick as set forth above generally discloses the basic inventions.)

Regarding dependent claims 5 and 6,

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McCormick teaches algorithms [formula relationships or look up data tables, Col. 7, Lines 47-61].

McCormick does not teach PID or PI.

Bergstrom teaches PID [standard closed loop controller design methods ... PID, Col. 9, Lines 63 – 65], for the purpose of generating the required force. [Col. 9, Lines 66 – 67]

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the teaching of **McCormick** to include the teach of **Bergstrom**, "PID", for the purpose of generating the required force. [Col. 9, Lines 66 – 67]

#### Response to Amendment

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. Applicants argue the combination of McCormick, Takano and Melanson fails to teach, "sampling multiple samples within one PWM cycle", which is disagreed with. The term, "sampling", has been taught by McCormick and Melanson further teaches, "generating a pulse width encoded data stream at a second frequency of a selected multiple of the first frequency" which can be used to combine with McCormick to "sampling multiple samples within one PWM cycle".

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# Conclusion

5. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sunray Chang who may be reached Monday through Friday, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. EST. via telephone number (571) 272-3682 or facsimile transmission (571) 273-3682 or email sunray.chang@uspto.gov.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anthony Knight can be reached on (571) 272-3687.

The official facsimile transmission number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Anthony Knight

Supervisory Primary Examiner

Group Art Unit 2121

Technology Center 2100

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

March 20, 2007